In the name of God



Basic Life Support (BLS)

for COVID-19 Patients



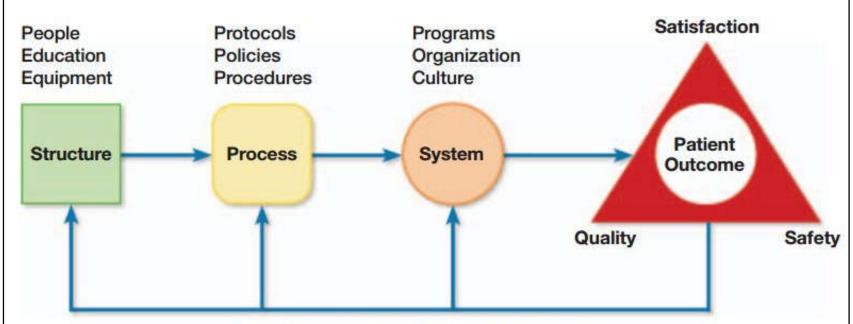
Presented by: Morteza Ghaderi MSN - EMS Educator



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Taxonomy of Systems of Care: SPSO

Structure Process System Outcome



Continuous Quality Improvement

Integration, Collaboration, Measurement, Benchmarking, Feedback

Coronavirus Cases:

22,113,410

view by country

Deaths:

778,537

Recovered:

14,848,583

Last updated: August 18, 2020, 15:09 GMT



Coronavirus Cases:

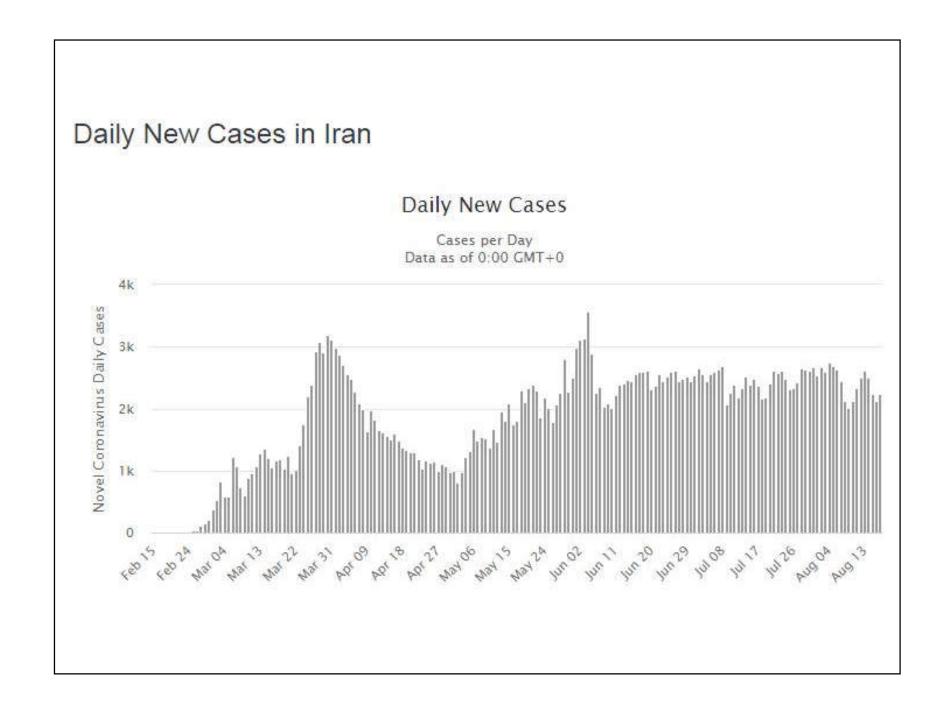
347,835

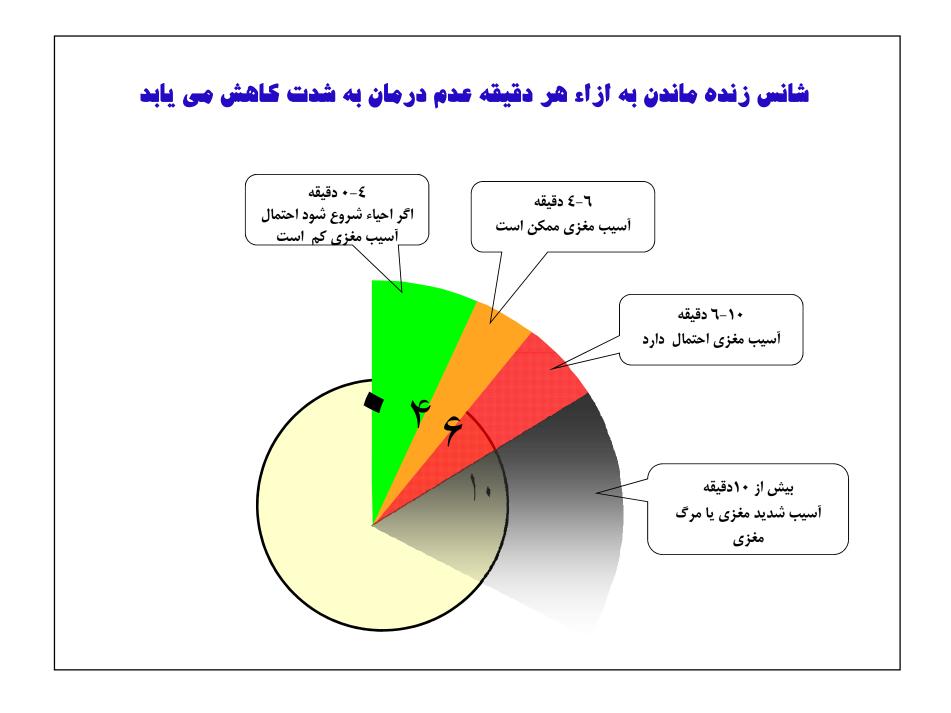
Deaths:

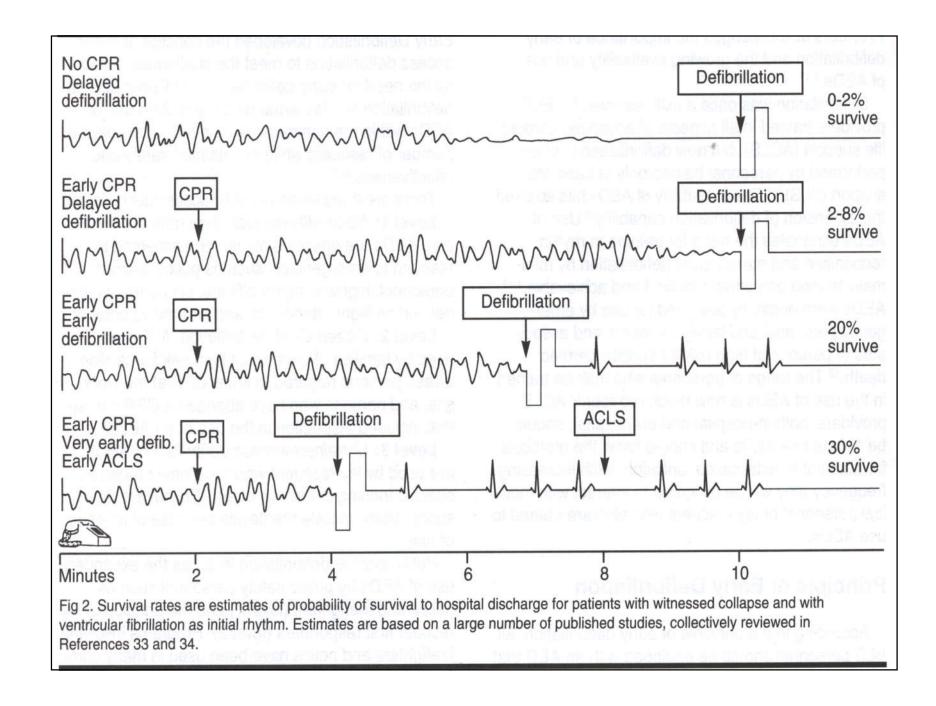
19,972

Recovered:

300,881

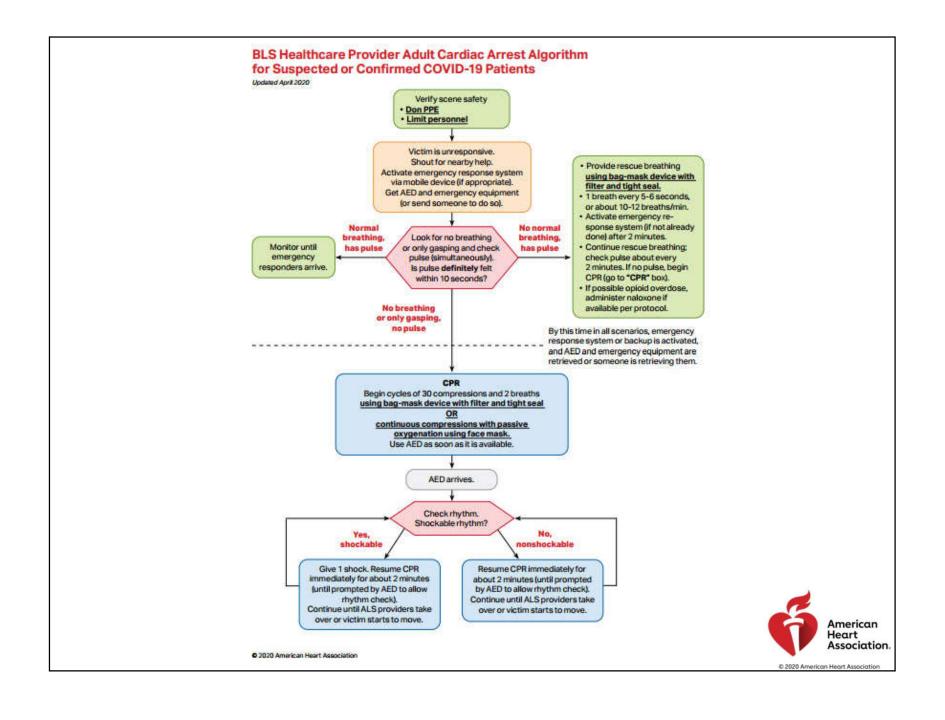






BLS Healthcare Provider Adult Cardiac Arrest Algorithm for Suspected or Confirmed COVID-19 Patients





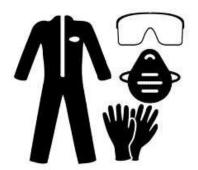
BLS Healthcare Provider Adult Cardiac Arrest Algorithm for Suspected or Confirmed COVID-19 Patients

Verify scene safety

- Don PPE
- Limit personnel



Reduce Provider Exposure



Properly don personal protective equipment before entering the scene.



Limit the number of personnel inside the resuscitation room.



Mechanisms of transmission of SARS-CoV-2

The main mechanism of disease transmission of SARS-CoV-2 is by respiratory secretions either directly from the patient or by touching contaminated surfaces. Respiratory secretions are called either droplets (> 5–10 microns in diameter) or airborne particles (< 5 microns). Droplets fall onto surfaces within 1–2 metres of the patient's respiratory tract while airborne particles can remain suspended in the air for prolonged periods.⁴



Personal protective equipment (PPE)

The minimum *droplet-precaution* personal protective equipment (PPE) comprises:

- Gloves
- Short-sleeved apron
- Fluid-resistant surgical mask
- Eye and face protection (fluid-resistant surgical mask with integrated visor or fullface shield/visor or polycarbonate safety glasses or equivalent).

The minimum airborne-precaution PPE comprises:

- Gloves
- Long-sleeved gown
- Filtering facepiece 3 (FFP3) or N99 mask/respirator (FFP2 or N95 if FFP3 not available)*
- Eye and face protection (full-face shield/visor or polycarbonate safety glasses or equivalent). Alternatively, powered air purifying respirators (PAPRs) with hoods may be used.

Filtering Facepiece Respirator (FFR)



- Disposable
- · Covers the nose and mouth
 - Filters out particles such as dust, mist, and fumes
 - Select from N, R, P series and 95, 99, 100 efficiency level
 - Does NOT provide protection against gases and vapors
 - Fit testing required







Powered Air-Purifying Respirator (PAPR)

- Reusable components and replaceable filters or cartridges
- Can be used to protect against gases, vapors, or particles, if equipped with the appropriate cartridge, canister, or filter
- Battery-powered with blower that pulls air through attached filters or cartridges
- Provides eye protection
- · Low breathing resistance
- Loose-fitting PAPR does NOT require fit testing and can be used with facial hair
- · Tight-fitting PAPR requires fit testing



BLS Healthcare Provider Adult Cardiac Arrest Algorithm for Suspected or Confirmed COVID-19 Patients

Verify scene safety

- Don PPE
- Limit personnel

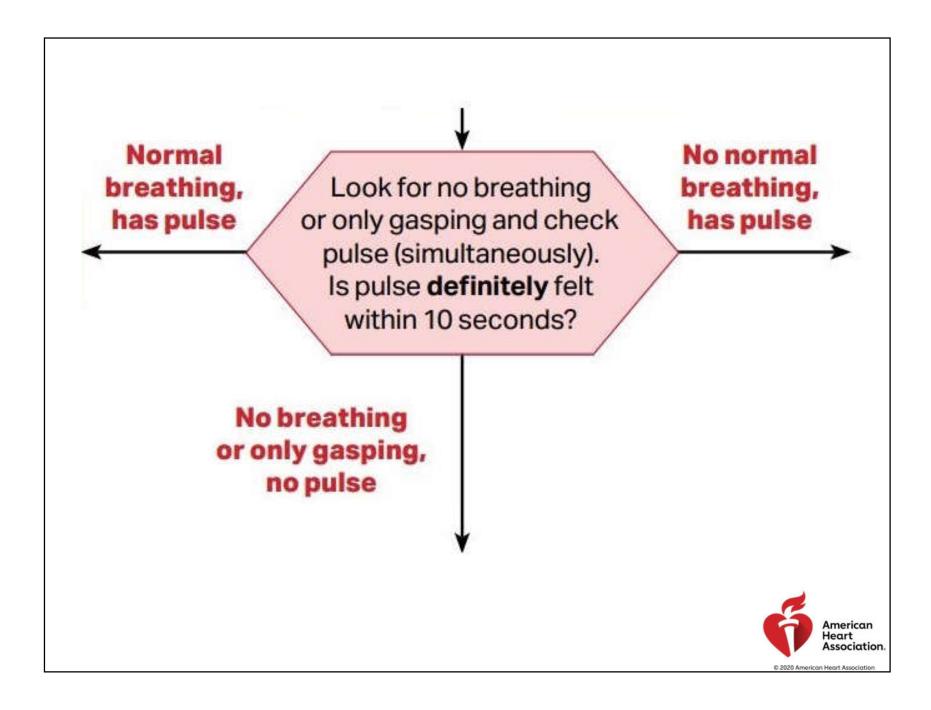
Victim is unresponsive.
Shout for nearby help.
Activate emergency response system via mobile device (if appropriate).
Get AED and emergency equipment (or send someone to do so).



CHECK RESPONSE & SHOUT FOR HELP





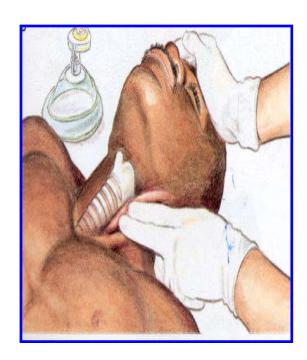


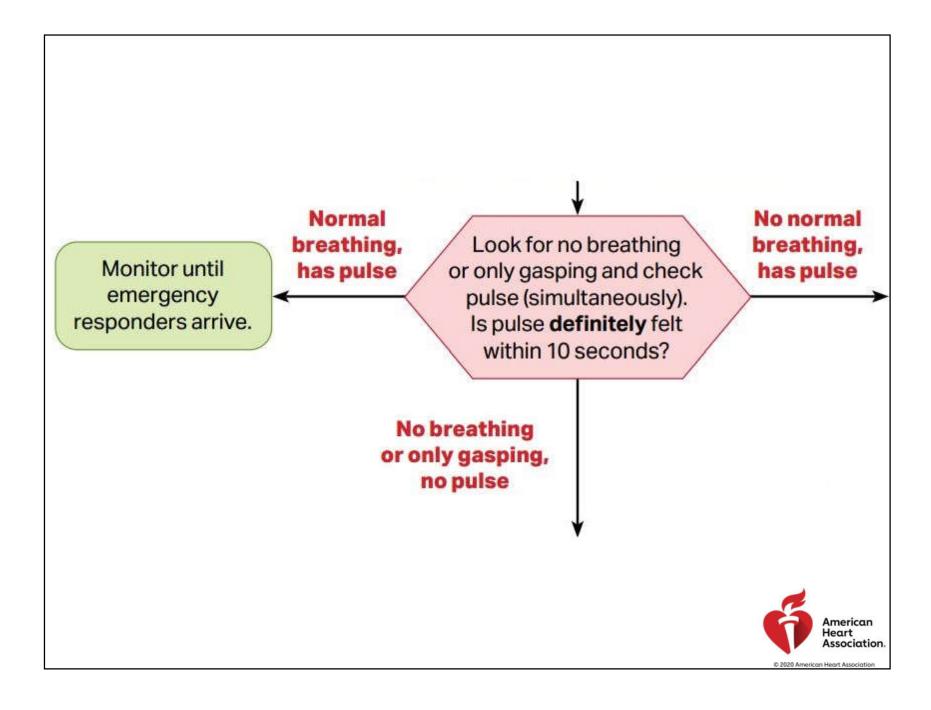
Check pulse

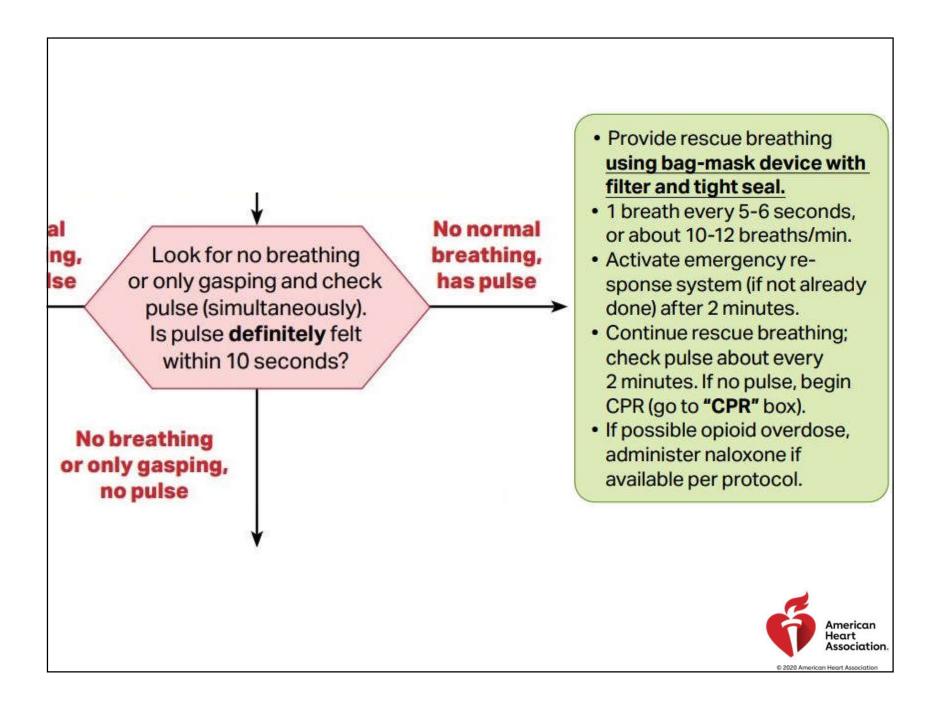
Only for healthcare provider

Feel within 10 sec

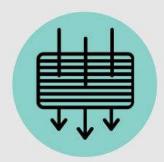








Prioritize Oxygenation and Ventilation Strategies That Minimize Aerosolization



Use a HEPA filter for all ventilation.



Intubate early with a cuffed tube and connect to a mechanical ventilator, if available.



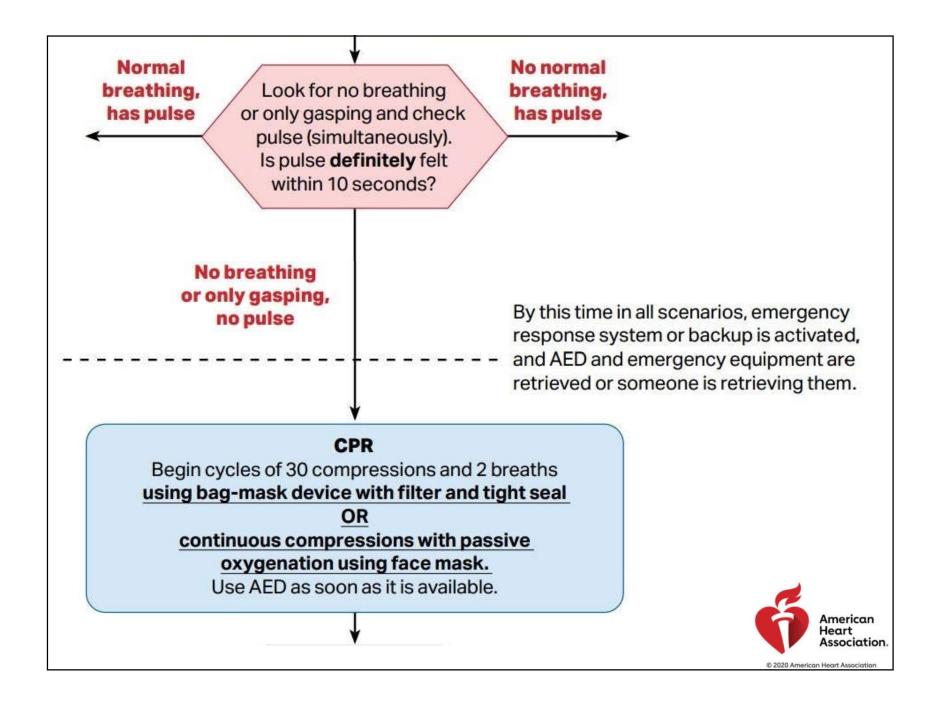
If intubation is delayed, consider using a supraglottic airway.

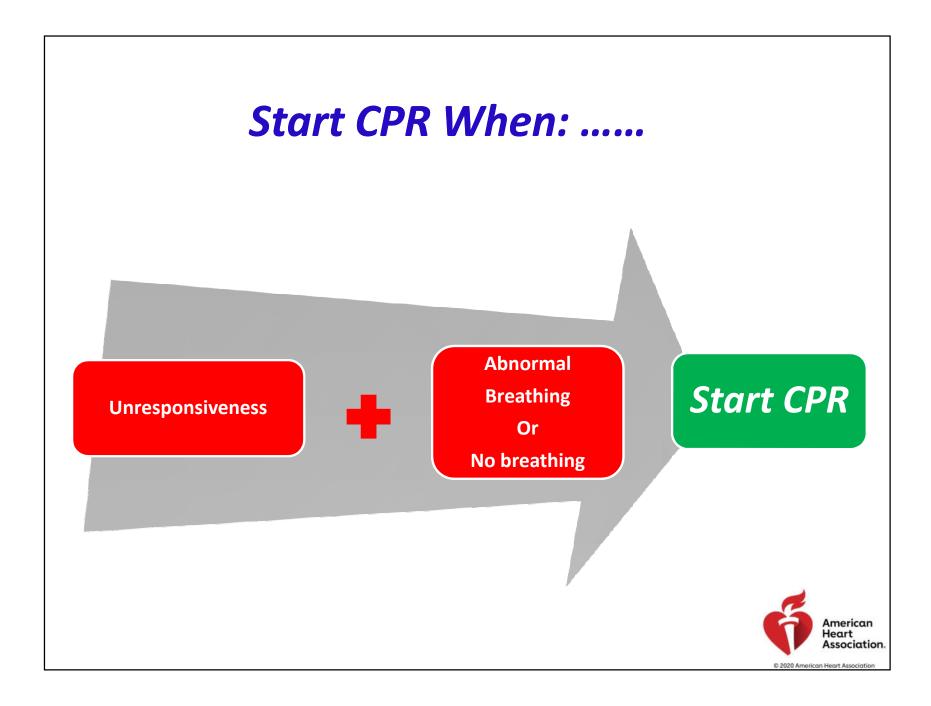


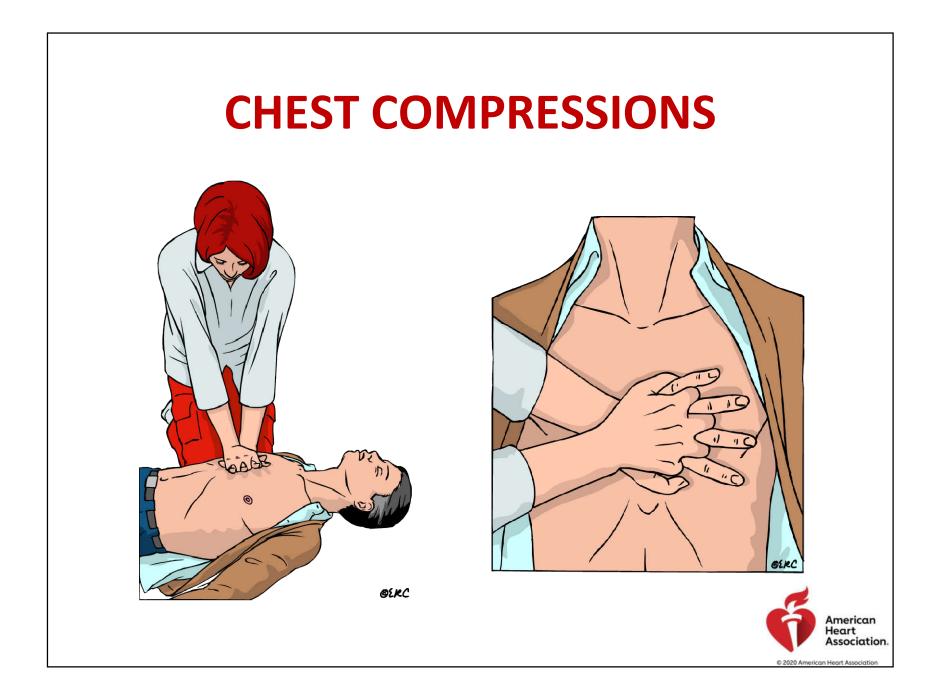
High-efficiency particulate air (HEPA)











CHEST COMPRESSIONS In adult

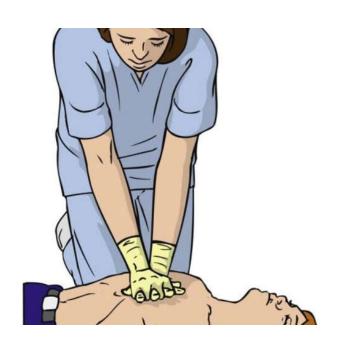
- Push hard and fast the chest
 - Rate 100-120 /min
 - Depth 5-6 cm
 - Minimize interruptions in chest compressions.
- When possible change CPR operator every 2 min





CHEST COMPRESSION In Child







CHEST COMPRESSION In infant







mechanical chest compression devices

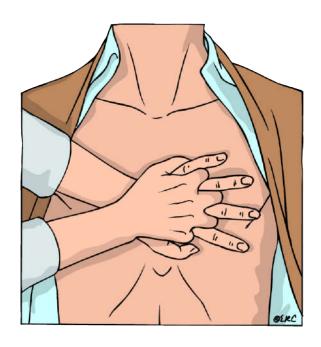




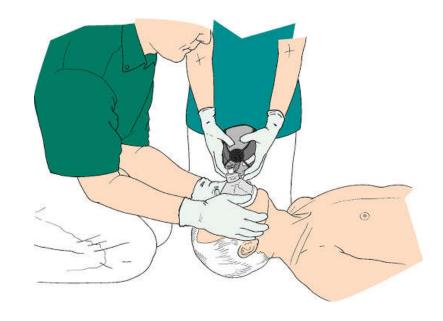




Compressions To Ventilations Ratio

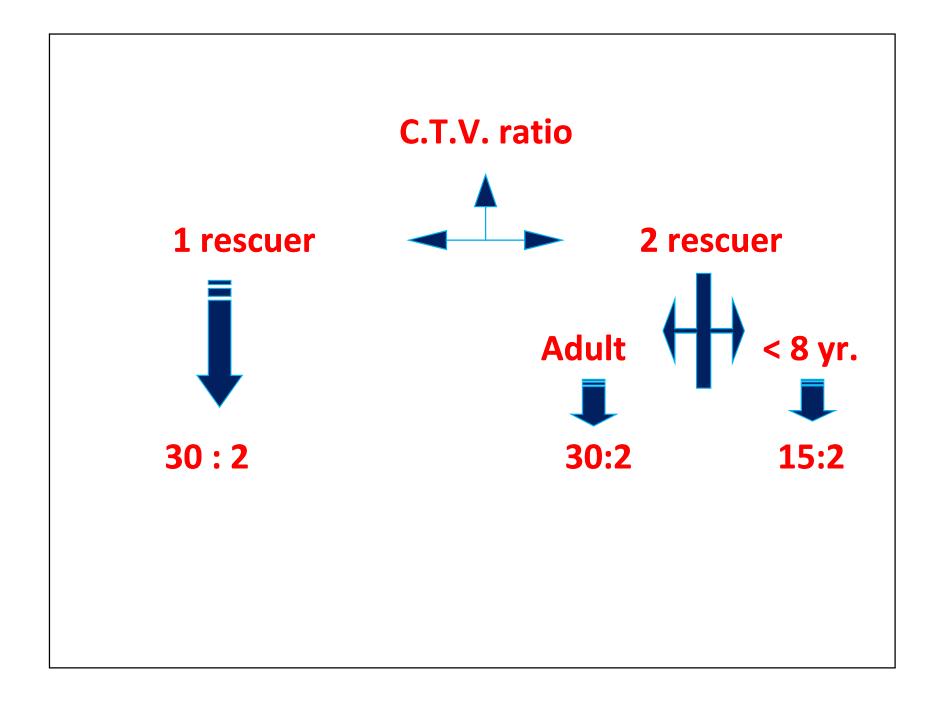


30



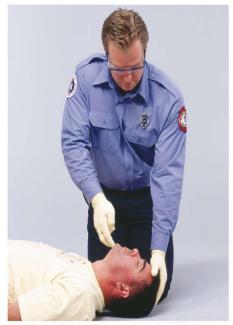
2





Open Airway

Head Tilt- Chin Lift



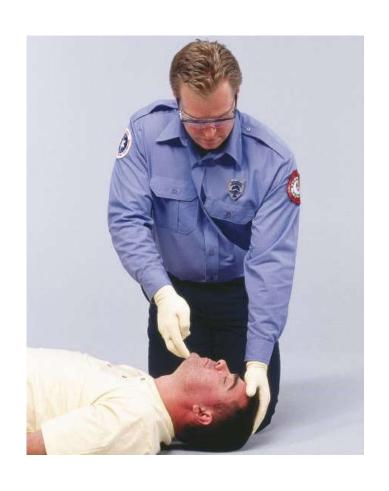
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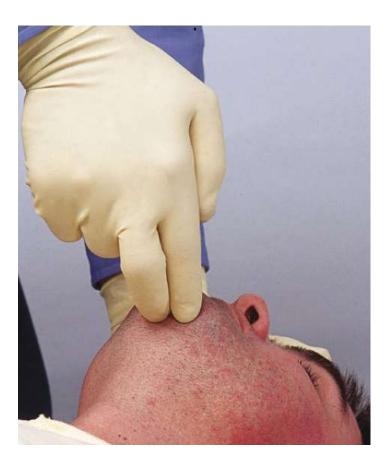
Jaw Thrust



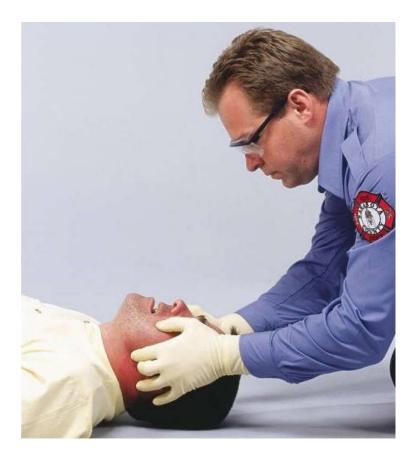
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Head Tilt- Chin Lift



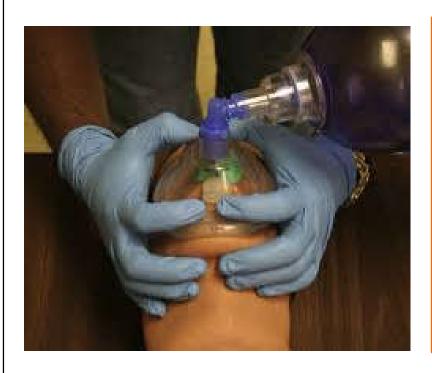


Jaw Thrust

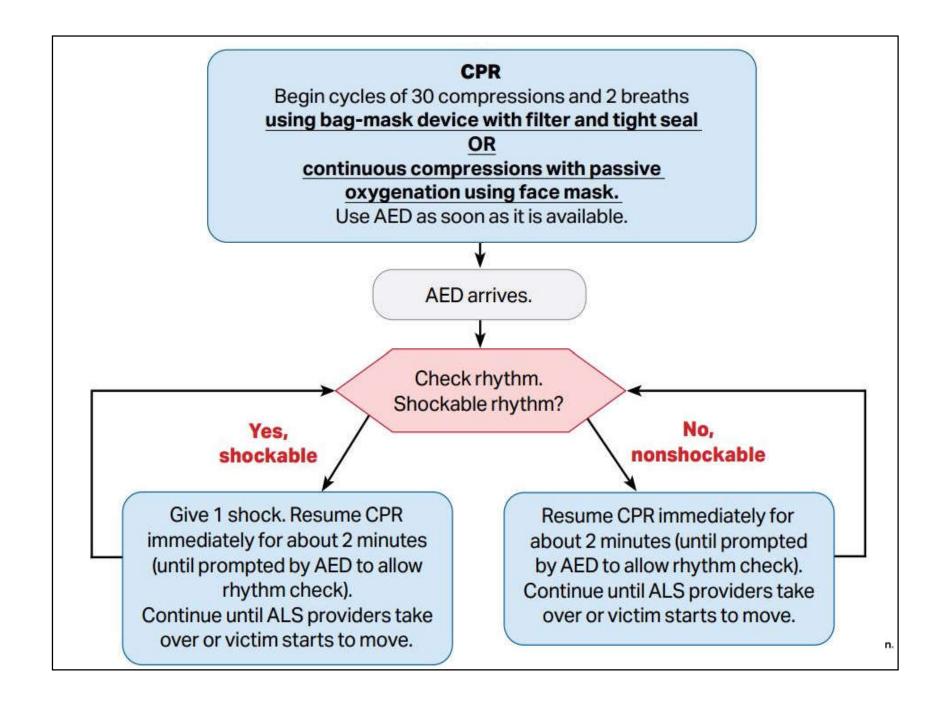




E-C clamp technique



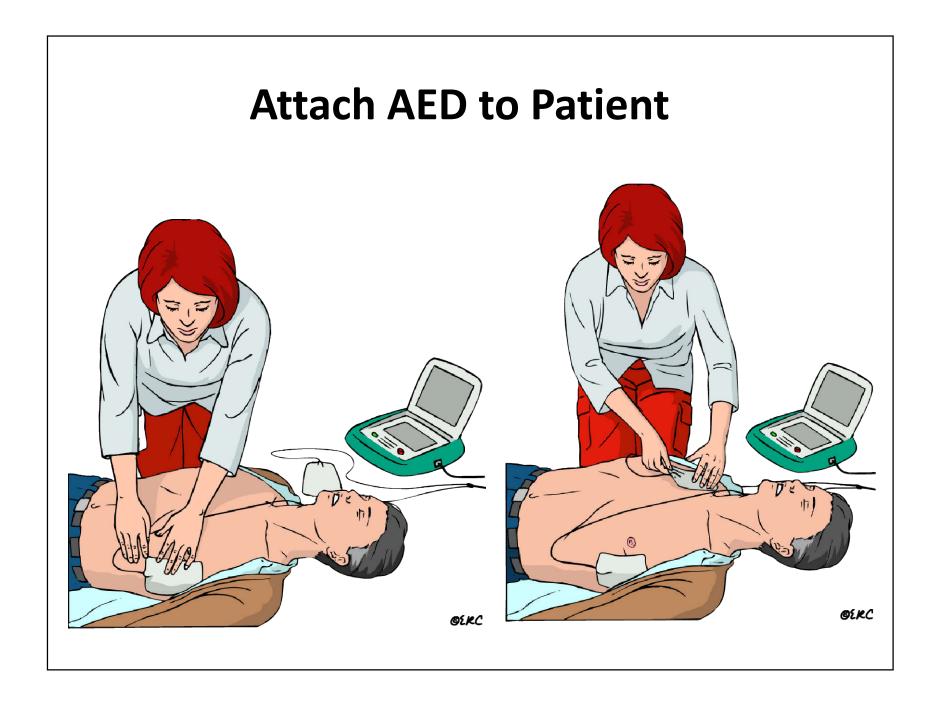


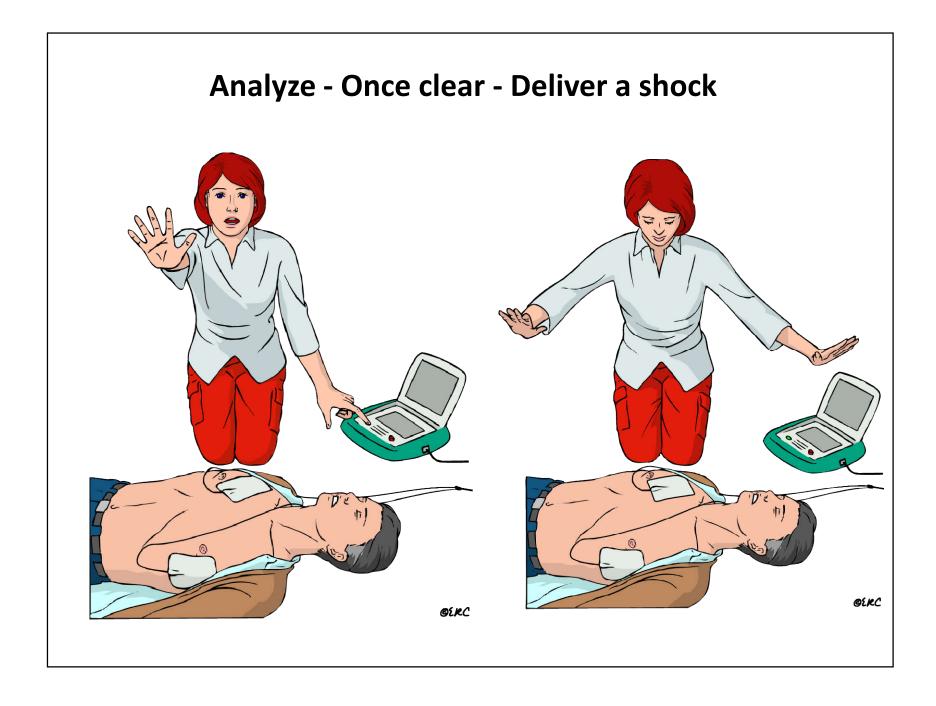


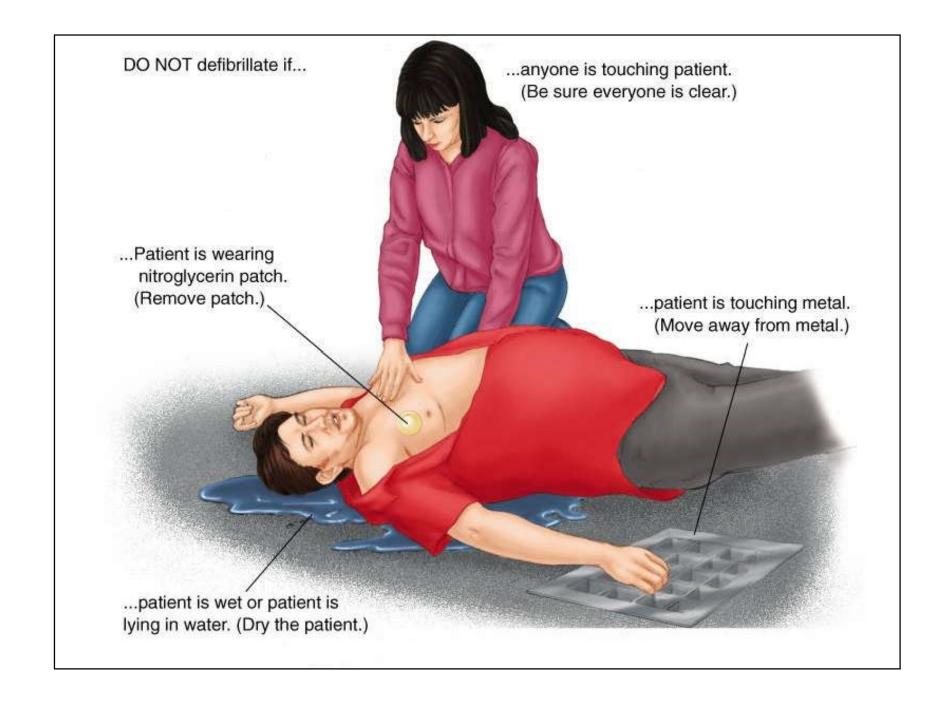
Automated External Defibrillator (AED)

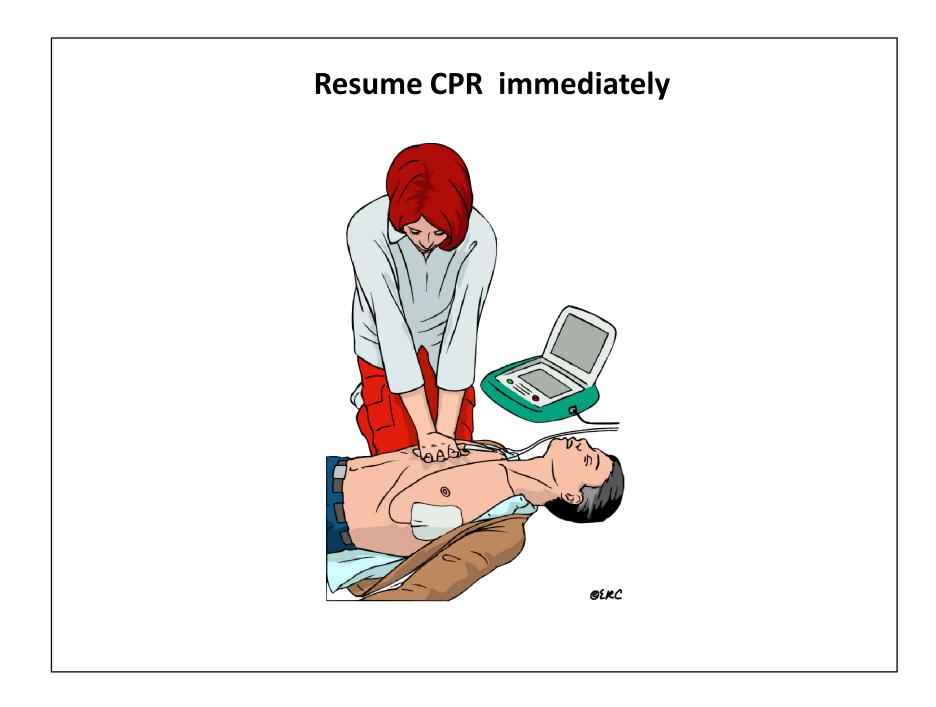












HANDS ONLY CPR





COVID-19 and Adult CPR

If an adult's heart stops and you're worried that they may have COVID-19, you can still help by performing Hands-Only CPR.



Step 1



Phone 9-1-1 and get an AED.

Step 2



Cover your own mouth and nose with a face mask or cloth.



Cover the person's mouth and nose with a face mask or cloth.

Step 3



Hands-Only CPR.

Push hard and fast on the center of the chest at a rate of 100 to 120 compressions per minute.

Perform

Step 4



Use an AED as soon as it is available.

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